

SEMINAIRE ECONOMETRIE DE LA FINANCE ET DE L'ASSURANCE

Jeudi 24 Février 2011

16H15 : Jeroen Rombouts (HEC Montreal)

« Marginal Likelihood for Markov-Switching and Change-Point Garch Models »

Abstract:

It is well known that conventional GARCH models are too restrictive for very long time series due to breaks in the volatility process. As an alternative, MS-GARCH and CP- GARCH are promising more flexible models for which inference is done with MCMC methods. An important issue is that marginal likelihood computation, essential for deter- mining the number (K) of regimes or breaks in the models, a la Chib is not possible due to path dependence. Using the Particle-MCMC technique, we show how we can estimate the marginal likelihood. In a simulation study, we study the performance of this new method. Applications to S&P500 and Dow Jones index returns are provided.

17H30 : David Veredas (ECARES, Solvay Brussels School of Economics and Management, Université Libre de Bruxelles)

« Disentangling Systematic and Idiodyncratik Risk for large Panels of Assets » (joint work with M. Barigozzi, C. T. Brownlees, G.M. Gallo)

Abstract:

When observed over a large panel, measures of risk (such as realized volatilities) usually exhibit a secular trend around which individual risks cluster. In this article we propose a vector Multiplicative Error Model achieving a decomposition of each risk measure into a common systematic and an idiosyncratic component, while allowing for contemporaneous dependence in the innovation process. As a consequence, we can assess how much of the current asset risk is due to a system wide component, and measure the persistence of the deviation of an asset specific risk from that common level. We develop an estimation technique, based on a combination of seminonparametric methods and copula theory, that is suitable for large dimensional panels. The model is applied to two panels of daily realized volatilities between 2001 and 2008: the SPDR Sectoral Indices of the S&P500 and the constituents of the S&P100. Similar results are obtained on the two sets in terms of reverting behavior of the common nonstationary component and the idiosyncratic dynamics to with a variable speed that appears to be sector dependent.

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